
UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
Tilka Manjhi Bhagalpur University, Bhagalpur

PAPER – VI

ASSIGNMENT – II

Complex Analysis

1. Problems on Cauchy Integral Formula

(a) Evaluate the following integral along the positively oriented circle $\gamma : |z| = 2$

i. $\oint_{\gamma} \frac{z^3 + 5}{z - i} dz$

ii. $\oint_{\gamma} \frac{1}{z^2 + z + 1} dz$

iii. $\oint_{\gamma} \frac{\sin z}{z^2 + 1} dz$

(b) Evaluate the following integral in the given contours

i. $\oint_{|z-4|=5} \frac{\cos z}{z} dz$

ii. $\oint_{|z-i|=1} \frac{z^2}{z^2 + 1} dz$

iii. $\oint_{|z|=2} \frac{e^{i\pi z/2}}{z^2 - 1} dz$

iv. $\oint_{|z|=1} e^z z^{-3} dz$

v. $\oint_{|z-1|=5/2} \frac{1}{(z-4)(z+1)^4} dz$

vi. $\oint_{|z|=2} \frac{\sin z}{(z^2 - 1)^2} dz$

2. Problems on Cauchy's Inequality

(a) Let f be an entire function such that $|f(z)| \leq M|z|, \forall z \in \mathbb{C}$, where M is a fixed positive constant. Show that $f(z) = \alpha z$, where α is a complex constant.

(b) Let f be an entire function and M be a constant such that

$$|f(z)| \leq M|z|^{5/4}$$

for all $z \in \mathbb{C}$. Show that we can find a constant $\alpha \in \mathbb{C}$ such that $f(z) = \alpha z^{5/4}$ for all $z \in \mathbb{C}$.

3. Using the maximum modulus theorem in complex analysis, find the maximum of $|f(z)|$ on $|z| \leq 1$, when $f(z) = z^2 - 3z + 2$.

4. Suppose f is analytic on the open disc $|z| < 1$ and satisfies $|f(z)| < M$ if $|z| < 1$. Suppose that $f(a) = 0$ for some $a, |a| < 1$. Then, show that

$$|f(z)| \leq M \cdot \left| \frac{z-a}{1-\bar{a}z} \right|,$$

where \bar{a} is the complex conjugate of a .

Hint: Define

$$g(z) = \frac{f}{M} \circ \phi_a^{-1}(z), \quad \text{where } \phi_a(z) = \frac{z-a}{1-\bar{a}z},$$

then $g : D \rightarrow D$, such that, $g(0) = 0$. Now apply the Schwartz Lemma.
